# Oxygen, Nitrogen, and Hydrogen in Refractory Metals

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# Instrument: ONH836

#### Summary

Titanium is a metal that can be combined with elements such as aluminum, vanadium, molybdenum, and tin to produce high-strength, lowdensity, and corrosion-resistant alloys. Titanium alloys are used by the military, medical devices, sporting goods, and aerospace industries because of these properties, and due to the strict demands of these industries, effort needs to be taken to assure that the material meets the highest of quality standards.

Oxygen and nitrogen are alloying elements in titanium, and are also classified as alpha stabilizing elements as they promote alpha phase alloys. Interstitial oxygen and nitrogen levels can be used to regulate the tensile strength of the material, but due to its high solubility can cause unwanted surface embrittlement. This phenomenon can be leveraged, however, under controlled processing to create surface films that increase surface hardness and wear properties.

One of the most critical chemical specifications of titanium alloys is the hydrogen content. Too high of a hydrogen content can cause hydrides to precipitate, which can lead to embrittlement and subsequent cracking when the alloy is stressed. Hydrogen pickup typically occurs during downstream processing steps such as heat treating, pickling, and cleaning.

The LECO ONH836 is a simultaneous oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen determinator that utilizes an electrode furnace, inert carrier gas, and both infrared and thermal conductivity detection to meet the analytical needs of the refractory metal industry.

This application note was written specifically for use with the LECO ONH836 series determinator.

#### Sample Preparation

Sampling and sample preparation of refractory metals such as titanium and zirconium is somewhat different from that of steel. Unlike steel samples, hydrogen is not as mobile in this group of materials; therefore, storage in liquid nitrogen or dry ice is not required. However, it is important to keep the sample cool when cutting or sectioning. Sample preparation for oxygen and nitrogen determination has been different from that of hydrogen determination. Typically, titanium and zirconium samples are chemically etched to remove surface contamination when oxygen and nitrogen are determined. However, etching can introduce hydrogen into the sample. ASTM method E 1409 "Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique", as updated in 1996, permits



either etching or abrading (filing) of the test specimen. ASTM E 1447 "Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method" permits surface preparation by abrading (if necessary to remove contamination). Differences in sample preparation present somewhat of a dilemma regarding simultaneous determination of O, N, and H in titanium. However, abrading samples with a file to remove surface contamination will yield accurate O, N, and H results. The ONH836 utilizes a high-power electrode furnace to quickly and efficiently release the target gases from within the sample, which allows for a very rapid simultaneous determination of oxygen, nitrogen, and hydrogen.

#### **Accessories**

782-720 Graphite Crucibles

782-721 Lower Electrode Tip for 782-720 crucibles without automation

618-376 Lower Electrode Tip for 782-720 crucibles with automation

502-344 Nickel Baskets

501-073 Graphite Powder

502-822 Nickel Capsule (for chip and powder materials) Note: LECO 502-344 Nickel Baskets and 502-822 Nickel Capsule are prepared using a proprietary procedure to ensure low and precise O, N, and H content. They can be used directly from the bottle without additional cleaning. To avoid contamination, handle with clean forceps only. The 618-376 Lower Electrode Tip is only required if the instrument is equipped with automation.

#### Calibration

LECO 501-653, 501-664, 501-996, 502-047; NIST or other suitable reference materials.

# Method Parameters

| General Parameters           |        |               |          |  |
|------------------------------|--------|---------------|----------|--|
| Sample Introduction          | Automo | ated Sample D | rop      |  |
| Analysis Delay               |        | 30 s          |          |  |
| Auto Analyze on Mass Entry   |        | No            |          |  |
| Outgas Before Mass Entry     |        | No            |          |  |
| Wait for User to Load Sample |        | Yes           |          |  |
| Vacuum On Time               |        | 18 s          |          |  |
| Element Parameters           | Oxygen | Nitrogen      | Hydrogen |  |
| Integration Delay            | 5 s    | 15 s          | 10 s     |  |
| Starting Baseline            | 2 s    | 2 s           | 2 s      |  |
| Use Comparator               | No     | No            | No       |  |
| Integration Time             | 30 s   | 65 s          | 65 s     |  |
| Use Endline                  | Yes    | Yes           | Yes      |  |
| Ending Baseline              | 2 s    | 2 s           | 2 s      |  |
| Range Select                 | Auto   | —             | —        |  |
| Range Lower Limit            | 800    | —             | —        |  |
| Range Upper Limit            | 950    | —             | —        |  |
| Furnace Parameters           |        |               |          |  |
| Furnace Control Mode         | Fu     | rnace Power   |          |  |
| Outgas Furnace Settings      |        |               |          |  |
| Cycles                       |        | 2             |          |  |
| Power Mode                   |        | Constant      |          |  |
| Power                        |        | 6000* W       |          |  |
| Time                         |        | 20 s          |          |  |
| Cool Time                    |        | 5 s           |          |  |
| Surface Oxide Removal        |        |               |          |  |
| Remove Surface Oxide         |        | No            |          |  |
| Analyze Furnace Settings     |        |               |          |  |
| Step 1 Power Mode            |        | Constant      |          |  |
| Power                        |        | 5300* W       |          |  |
| Approximate Cycle Time       | 3      | 3.5 Minutes   |          |  |

\*May vary, depending on line voltage. Level can be adjusted to facilitate recovery and/or reduce crucible burn-through.

## Automation Parameters (if equipped) General Parameters

| General Parameters |                 |  |
|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| Auto Cleaner State | Enabled         |  |
| Auto Cleaner Mode  | During Analysis |  |
| Clean Time         | 8 s             |  |



## **Procedure - Solid Samples**

- 1. Prepare the instrument as outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 2. Determine the instrument blank.
  - a. Login a minimum of 3 Blank replicates.
  - b. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen. After a short delay, the loading head slide-block will open. Place a 502-344 Nickel Basket into the loading head.

Note: samples using automation should be placed in the appropriate autoloader position before starting the analysis sequence. Once the sequence has started, the automatic analysis will start and end automatically.

- c. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen again, the loading head slide-block will close and the lower electrode will open.
- d. Clean the upper and lower electrode manually, or, if applicable, remove the crucible and press the analyze button to clean with the automatic cleaner.
- e. Add approximately 0.05 g of 501-073 Graphite Powder to a 782-720 Graphite Crucible.
- f. Firmly place the crucible on the lower electrode tip or appropriate autoloader position.
- g. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen, the lower electrode will close and the analysis sequence will start and end automatically.
- h. Repeat steps 2b through 2g a minimum of three times.
- i. Set the blank following the procedure outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 3. Instrument calibration/drift correction.
  - a. Login a minimum of 3 Standard replicates.
    - b. Weigh approximately 0.10 to 0.14 grams of a calibration/drift standard, enter the mass and standard identification into appropriate replicate fields.

Note: LECO Reference Materials do not require preparation. See preparation statement on the reference material certificate.

- c. Place the calibration/drift standard in a 502-344 Nickel Basket, and if applicable, place the sample into the appropriate autoloader position.
- d. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen. After a short delay, the loading head slide-block will open.

Note: samples using automation should be placed in the appropriate autoloader position before starting the analysis sequence. Once the sequence has started, the automatic analysis will start and end automatically.

- e. Place the nickel basket containing the calibration/drift standard into the open port at the top of the loading head.
- f. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen again, the loading head slide-block will close and the lower electrode will open.
- g. Clean the upper and lower electrode manually, or, if applicable, remove the crucible and press the analyze button to clean with the automatic cleaner.

- h. Add approximately 0.05 g of 501-073 Graphite Powder to a 782-720 Graphite Crucible.
- i. Firmly place the crucible on the lower electrode tip or appropriate autoloader position.
- j. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen, the lower electrode will close and the analysis sequence will start and end automatically.
- Repeat steps 3b through 3j a minimum of three times for each calibration/drift standard used.
- I. Calibrate/drift following the procedure outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 4. Analyze samples.
  - a. Login Sample with the appropriate number of replicates.
  - b. Weigh approximately 0.10 to 0.14 g of appropriately prepared sample, enter mass and sample identification into appropriate replicate fields.
  - c. Place the weighed sample into a 502-344 Nickel Basket.
  - d. Repeat steps 3d through 3j for sample analysis.

## Typical Results - Solid Samples

| Sample     | Mass (g)   | O%     | N%     | Н ррт |
|------------|------------|--------|--------|-------|
| LECO       | 0.12       | 0.1917 | 0.0358 | 20.0  |
| 501-996    |            | 0.1926 | 0.0364 | 19.2  |
| 0.193% O   |            | 0.1938 | 0.0370 | 21.9  |
| 0.036% N   |            | 0.1943 | 0.0367 | 20.9  |
| 20.5 ppm H |            | 0.1916 | 0.0354 | 18.6  |
|            |            | 0.1933 | 0.0359 | 19.3  |
|            |            | 0.1942 | 0.0361 | 22.4  |
|            |            | 0.1932 | 0.0360 | 21.3  |
|            |            | 0.1944 | 0.0354 | 21.9  |
|            |            | 0.1910 | 0.0353 | 19.6  |
|            | <b>X</b> = | 0.1930 | 0.0360 | 20.5  |
|            | s =        | 0.0012 | 0.0006 | 1.3   |
| LECO       | 0.1        | 0.1701 | 0.0087 | 26.6  |
| 501-664    |            | 0.1702 | 0.0091 | 27.7  |
| 0.169% O   |            | 0.1710 | 0.0088 | 26.2  |
| 0.009% N   |            | 0.1706 | 0.0081 | 26.4  |
|            |            | 0.1703 | 0.0088 | 24.7  |
|            |            | 0.1733 | 0.0090 | 26.4  |
|            |            | 0.1700 | 0.0089 | 25.7  |
|            |            | 0.1696 | 0.0090 | 27.6  |
|            |            | 0.1688 | 0.0087 | 26.3  |
|            |            | 0.1694 | 0.0090 | 26.1  |
|            | <b>X</b> = | 0.1703 | 0.0088 | 26.4  |
|            | s =        | 0.0012 | 0.0003 | 0.8   |
| LECO       | 0.1        | 0.1346 | 0.0039 | 10.3  |
| 502-047    |            | 0.1383 | 0.0041 | 11.9  |
| 0.137% O   |            | 0.1362 | 0.0039 | 10.2  |
|            |            | 0.1380 | 0.0041 | 12.4  |
|            |            | 0.1383 | 0.0039 | 12.5  |
|            |            | 0.1346 | 0.0039 | 11.0  |
|            |            | 0.1347 | 0.0037 | 10.5  |
|            |            | 0.1356 | 0.0042 | 9.3   |
|            |            | 0.1360 | 0.0043 | 10.9  |
|            |            | 0.1352 | 0.0038 | 10.1  |
|            | <b>X</b> = | 0.1361 | 0.0040 | 10.9  |
|            | s =        | 0.0015 | 0.0002 | 1.0   |
| LECO       | 0.1        | 0.0501 | 0.0027 | 18.9  |
| 501-653    |            | 0.0523 | 0.0030 | 22.4  |
| 0.053% O   |            | 0.0495 | 0.0022 | 19.9  |
| 0.003% N   |            | 0.0507 | 0.0029 | 22.2  |
|            |            | 0.0534 | 0.0027 | 19.3  |
|            |            | 0.0509 | 0.0031 | 27.9  |
|            |            | 0.0505 | 0.0028 | 24.5  |
|            |            | 0.0501 | 0.0026 | 19.4  |
|            |            | 0.0497 | 0.0025 | 25.8  |
|            |            | 0.0514 | 0.0025 | 26.8  |
|            | <b>X</b> = | 0.0509 | 0.0027 | 22.7  |
|            | s =        | 0.0012 | 0.0003 | 3.4   |

## Procedure – Powder/Chip Samples

- 1. Prepare the instrument as outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 2. Determine the instrument blank.
  - a. Login a minimum of three Blank reps.
  - b. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen. After a short delay, the loading head slide-block will open. Insert a 502-822 Nickel Capsule (leave capsule open) into the open port at top of loading head.

Note: samples using automation should be placed in the appropriate autoloader position before starting the analysis sequence. Once the sequence has started, the automatic analysis will start and end automatically.

- c. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen again, the loading head slide-block will close and the lower electrode will open.
- Clean the upper and lower electrode either manually or remove the crucible and press the analyze button to clean with an automatic cleaner if applicable.
- e. Add approximately 0.05 g of 501-073 Graphite Powder to a 782-720 Graphite Crucible.
- f. Firmly place the crucible on the lower electrode tip or appropriate autoloader position.
- g. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen, the lower electrode will close and the analysis sequence will start and end automatically.
- h. Repeat steps 2b through 2g a minimum of three times.
- i. Set the blank following the procedure outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 3. Instrument calibration/drift correction.
  - a. Login a minimum of three Standard reps.
  - Weigh approximately 0.10 to 0.12 grams of a calibration/drift standard into a 502-822 Nickel Capsule; enter the mass and standard identification into appropriate rep fields. If applicable, place the nickel capsule in the appropriate autoloader position.

Note: LECO Reference Materials do not require preparation. See preparation statement on the reference material certificate. Solid Standards may be used to calibrate when chip or powder standards are not available.

- c. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen. After a short delay, the loading head slide-block will open.
- d. Place the Nickel Capsule containing the sample into the open port at the top of the loading head.
- e. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen again, the loading head slide-block will close and the lower electrode will open.
- f. Clean the upper and lower electrode either manually or remove the crucible and press the analyze button to clean with an automatic cleaner if applicable.

- g. Add approximately 0.05 g of 501-073 Graphite Powder to a 782-720 Graphite Crucible.
- h. Firmly place the crucible on the lower electrode tip or appropriate autoloader position.
- i. Press the Analyze button on the instrument screen, the lower electrode will close and the analysis sequence will start and end automatically.
- Repeat steps 3b through 3i a minimum of three times for each calibration/drift standard used.
- k. Calibrate/drift following the procedure outlined in the operator's instruction manual.
- 4. Analyze Samples.
  - a. Login Sample with the appropriate number of reps.
  - b. Weigh approximately 0.10 to 0.12 grams of appropriately prepared sample into a 502-822 Nickel Capsule, enter mass and sample identification into appropriate rep fields. If applicable, place the nickel capsule in the appropriate autoloader position.
  - c. Repeat steps 3c through 3i for sample analysis.

# Typical Results - Powder/Chip Samples

| Sample          | Mass (g)   | O%     | N%     | Н ррт |
|-----------------|------------|--------|--------|-------|
| CRM             | 0.1048     | 0.116  | 0.0147 | 45.0  |
| NBS 173         | 0.1070     | 0.111  | 0.0147 | 39.8  |
| Ti Alloy        | 0.1105     | 0.120  | 0.0155 | 39.7  |
| Chips           | 0.1002     | 0.120  | 0.0156 | 39.6  |
|                 | 0.1060     | 0.119  | 0.0144 | 41.1  |
|                 | <b>X</b> = | 0.117  | 0.0150 | 41.0  |
|                 | s=         | 0.004  | 0.0005 | 2.3   |
| CRM             | 0.1072     | 0.0741 | 0.0067 | 53.4  |
| NBS 176         | 0.1096     | 0.0763 | 0.0068 | 57.1  |
| Ti Alloy        | 0.1028     | 0.0781 | 0.0067 | 54.0  |
| Chips           | 0.1086     | 0.0771 | 0.0068 | 57.8  |
|                 | 0.1076     | 0.0750 | 0.0062 | 52.7  |
|                 | <b>X</b> = | 0.0761 | 0.0067 | 55.0  |
|                 | s=         | 0.0016 | 0.0002 | 2.3   |
| Tantalum        | 0.1137     | 0.102  | 0.0027 | 112.0 |
| Powder          | 0.1106     | 0.106  | 0.0029 | 111.1 |
|                 | 0.1179     | 0.099  | 0.0029 | 110.9 |
|                 | 0.1070     | 0.105  | 0.0029 | 111.9 |
|                 | 0.1101     | 0.100  | 0.0029 | 111.5 |
|                 | <b>X</b> = | 0.103  | 0.0028 | 111.5 |
|                 | s=         | 0.003  | 0.0001 | 0.5   |
| CRM             | 0.1089     | 0.165  | 0.0102 | 30.2  |
| NBS 174         | 0.1060     | 0.159  | 0.0096 | 28.9  |
| Ti Alloy        | 0.1029     | 0.161  | 0.0100 | 30.4  |
| Chips           | 0.1055     | 0.161  | 0.0095 | 28.8  |
|                 | 0.1073     | 0.168  | 0.0095 | 31.0  |
|                 | <b>X</b> = | 0.163  | 0.0098 | 29.9  |
|                 | s=         | 0.004  | 0.0003 | 1.0   |
| CRM             | 0.1148     | 0.155  | 0.0036 | 12.2  |
| NIST 360b       | 0.1117     | 0.150  | 0.0038 | 10.4  |
| Zirconium Alloy | 0.1029     | 0.153  | 0.0036 | 11.9  |
| Chips           | 0.1095     | 0.155  | 0.0040 | 14.9  |
| 0.0045% N       | 0.1045     | 0.147  | 0.0037 | 12.8  |
|                 | <b>X</b> = | 0.152  | 0.0038 | 12.4  |
|                 | s=         | 0.003  | 0.0002 | 1.6   |

| - | Note        |
|---|-------------|
| • | Application |
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